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PROPERTY FOR THE DESCRIPTION !

- 1. This memorandum is for information only.
- 2. Twenty issues of LiffOrd (the organ of International Services of Information Foundation, Inc.) published between 19 July 1957 and 15 July 1958 contain no statement that could be interpreted as indicating fore-knowledge of the coup that occurred in Iraq on 14 July 1958.
- 3. INFORM for 15 July 1958 begins with the sentence: "Despite 300 million dollars spent annually by one 0.5. intelligence agency (one Senster said it is closer to a billion) the Administration is constantly being surprised at happenings oversess, some of them catastrophic." INFORM then states that its readers "were not surprised" and contrasts its alleged success with the alleged failure of the above-mentioned intelligence agency. This claim is "substantiated" with thirteen quotations from previous INFORM issues, the assumption being that they demonstrate a superior realisation of events leading to the July 1958 crisis. These are attached immediately following this page.
- i. Other statements from discussions of the Hear Hast appearing in the INFORM issues noted above which might have been similarly used are:

30 August 1957: "IFAR IS THE NEXT TARGET" (but in this case a target for Seviet-Sayptian penetration in the manner of Syria).

29 October 1957: "An emplosion may rock the world at any moment.

A miscalculation in Seviet Eussia's dangerous bluff in the Middle

East could set it off..." (Note date.)

12 December 1957: "The Kremlin intends to keep the Middle East in a state of ferment until she is ready to act..."

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12 December 1957: (cont'd) "The murder of King Hussein of Jerdan, fellowed by a Communist coup, is being elaborately plotted. This report is given credence in official British circles ... "

23 January 1958: "The Russians believe that they can gain control of the Middle Sest without risk of war."

2h February 1958: "Another significant move in the Hiddle Sest will come during the next twelve months."

30 March 1958: "Russian policy in the Middle East is working out very successfully and Thrushchev and his team have relied on this to bring Western Europe to heel." (The policy referred to was that of keeping the French from exploiting the alleged misoral wealth of the Sahara.)

5. Host of the issues covered comment on the Middle Sast in one connection or another. The connecting link is alleged Soviet strategy in the area. The nature of this strategy as seen by the editors of Light tends to vary from issue to issue. Most commonly the concept involves a Seviet or Soviet-inspired attack on Israel. For example:

16 October 1957: "Whitehall" is given as the authority for statements to the effect that Syria will attack Israel, thus setting off a war that may not be controllable.

12 December 1957: "The next scare in the Middle Sast will erobably come over Iran and will be accompanied by careful stirring up of the difficult Jerdan-Laras | situation."

21 February 1958: "A Russian plan as outlined in this issue is to propose in the United Nations that no more Jews be allowed to go to Palestine. The result of this proposal will be solid Arab backing of Soviet policy."

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15 May 1952: There is increasing concern in Western Europe over the situation in the Middle East because it is thought that the Soviet plan is to consolidate the irabs against largel. Egypt and Syria will then be in position to sabotage the oil supply needed in Western Surope.

strike in the Middle East before long." The Soviet intention is the destruction of Israel before effective Western intervention can take place. The U.K. and France will be hesitant to become involved in the Middle East again after the Suez experience. The U.S. "has but a few hundred Marines available." After the attack on Israel: "Khrushchev believes it will be just like the Suez incident ... once Israel is destroyed, there will be strong protests; the Arabe will be told how maughty they have been; Khrushchev and Eisenhower will act together through the U.S. to effect a settlement."

19 June 1958: A propaganda war is going on between the UAR and Iraq-Jordan. As a result, Masser is being forced into a position where his bluff will be called unless he leads the Arabs against Israel. If he does so, he will have a good chance of winning. The Russians believe they will win either way: if the Arabs defeat Israel, Russia will get control of Middle East oil through their Arab friends; if the Arabs lose, the Middle East will be in such a state of confusion that the Soviet will be enabled to control the area.

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6. Other comments on aspects of the Middle East situation follow:

2 August 1957: (Mobs: This issue was particularly singled out
by proponents of IMPCRH as showing IMPCRH's

superior prescience in Middle Eastern affairs.)

Hasser is pursuing a long-range plan designed to make him ruler of all Arabs with an empire extending throughout the Middle Sast and Africa. His backers and advisers in this scheme are the Russians and a cotorie of former German Hasis in Cairo. The Russians, however, are only using Husser as a pasm in this game and willtake over control of his empire once he has served his purpose.

16 August 1957: Greek intelligence thinks the Sussians are planning to touch off the Salkans "peuder keg" with the objective of establishing themselves in the Eastern Hediterransan and the Suss.

20 August 1957: The Soviets intend to get agreements with

Syria which will permit them to move troops there "at the request of"

the Syrian government. "Thus plans have been carefully laid to make

the Eisenheuer Doctrine inapplicable to Syria." The danger is that

"the blatant disclosure that Eussia intends to establish herself in

the Middle East at any price might shatter the already procarious

Arab solidarity and compel Syria's maighbors to take action." (This

plan is supposed to call for peaceful penetration under the guise of

"Co-existence," but it might lead to war because there may be a military

clique in the Eremlin which wishes to bring about another Fearl Earbor.)

7 January 1958: Africa "will soon blaze" (as a result of Soviet agent activity in Squatorial Africa.) The real Soviet objective, however, is control of East Africa and all appreaches to the Indian

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2h February 1958: There are probably Soviet missile experts in Syria, and "it is certainly true that ballistic missiles are going to Syria."

The USSE is about to get control of Ghana, which will become the western anchor of Seviet strategy opposite to Egypt. Concentration camps are already being prepared in Ghana. (The U.S. government already knows about this, so that it will not be able to claim "surprise.")

31 March 1958: The Syrians' real reason for joining the UAS was to avoid having to surrender utterly to Soviet Communism.

15 May 1958: Feisal will take Saudi Arabia into the UAE. The UAE will then put "everwhelming pressure" on Iraq and Jordan "and are certain to destroy the Arab Federation or bend it to their purposes."

SIGNED

STANLEY J. GROGAN Assistant to the Director